# 1.3 Geometric sequences and series

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## 1.3.1 Enter a sequence on your calculator

Suppose you want to enter the sequence  $u_n = u_1 * (\frac{1}{2})^n$  with  $u_1 = 0.3$  on your calculator.

- ① Create a new document, press and select Add Calculator.
- 2 Press , select Actions > Define.
- 3 Type 'u(n)', then write the expression of the sequence



#### 1.3.2 Enter a sequence on your calculator (recursive definition)

Suppose you want to enter the sequence  $u_n = \frac{1}{2} * u_{n-1}$ , with  $u_1 = 0.3$  on your calculator.

- ① Create a new document, press and select Add Calculator.
- (2) Press  $\overrightarrow{\text{menu}}$ , select Actions > Define.
- 3 Type 'u(n)', press and select
- ④ On the first line, write the initialization. On the second line, write the recursive expression.





## 1.3.3 Graph a sequence

Suppose you want to display the graph of the sequence  $u_n = u_1 * (\frac{1}{2})^n$  with  $u_1 = 0.3$  on your calculator, starting at n = 1 and ending at n = 20.

- ① Create a new document, press and select Add Graphs.
- 2 Press , select Graph Entry/Edit > Sequence > Sequence
- ③ In the first line, write the expression of the sequence. In the second line, write the number of initial terms.

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- 2	$ \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u1}(n) = 0.3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \\ \text{Initial Terms:=1} \\ 1 \le n \le 99 \text{ nstep=1} \end{cases} $	1 u1

( ) Press  $\tilde{\vec{e}}$  and the graph of the sequence is displayed.



## 1.3.4 Compute a term of a sequence

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Suppose you want to know the 320<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence  $u_n = u_1 * (\frac{1}{2})^n$  with  $u_1 = 0.3$ .

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- ① Enter the sequence on your calculator (see ③)
- 2 Press enter and write 'u(320)' in the following line.

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Define $u(n)=0.3$	$3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$	Done	
u(320)		1.4045E-97	

#### 1.3.5 Graph a series

Suppose you want to graph the series of the sequence  $u_n = u_1 * (\frac{1}{2})^n$  with  $u_1 = 0.3$  on your calculator, starting at n = 1 and ending at n = 20.

- ① Enter the sequence on your calculator and press enter
- <sup>(2)</sup> Enter the series of the sequence in the line below. To do this, define 's(n)=' and press



- ③ Create a new document, press and select Add Graphs.
- The Press , select Graph Entry/Edit > Sequence > Sequence >



(5) In the first line, write s(n). In the second line, write the number of initial terms.



#### <sup>6</sup> Press

enter and the graph of the serie is displayed



#### Compute the value of a series 1.3.6

- 1. Enter the sequence on your calculator (see ③)
- 2. Enter the series of the sequence in the line below.
- 3. Type s(20) to set the ending of the serie at 20. Press **enter**. The result should be 0.3.

RAD 📘 Done Define  $u(n)=0.3\cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$ Done Define  $s(n) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (u(n))$ s(20) 0.3 0