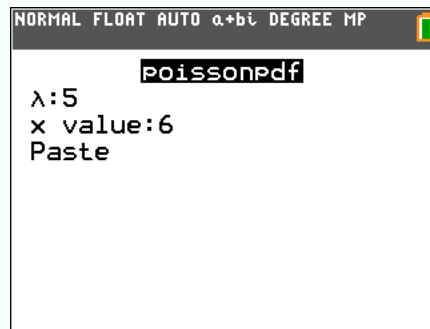


4.15 Poisson distribution

4.15.1 Compute $P(X = a)$

Consider $X \sim \text{Po}(5)$. Say you want to know $P(X = 6)$.

Press **2nd**, **distr**, **vars**, **poissonpdf()** and fill the parameters as follows:

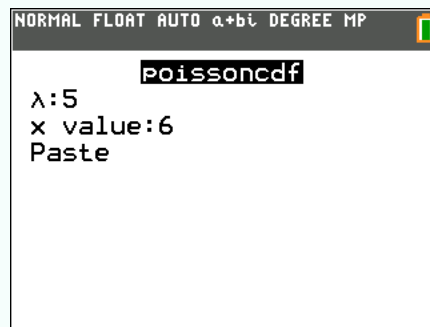


Press **Paste** and **entry solve**. The result should be 0.146 (rounded).

4.15.2 Compute $P(X \leq a)$

Consider $X \sim \text{Po}(5)$. Say you want to know $P(X \leq 6)$.

Press **2nd**, **distr**, **vars**, **poissoncdf()** and fill the parameters as follows:



Press **Paste** and **entry solve**. The result should be 0.762 (rounded).

4.15.3 Graph a Poisson distribution

Consider $X \sim \text{Po}(5)$. Suppose you want to graph it.

- ① Since a Poisson distribution can only have integers values, put your calculator in sequence mode (press **quit**, **mode** and highlight **SEQ**, 4th line).

② Press **stat plot f1** **y=**, and fill the parameters as follows:

Plot1	Plot2	Plot3
TYPE: SEQ(n)	SEQ(n+1)	SEQ(n+2)
nMin=0		
u(n) PoissonPdf(5,n)		
u(0)=		
u(1)=		
v(n)=		
v(0)=		
v(1)=		
w(n)=		

see 4.15.1 to enter **PoissonPdf(**,
and press **link** **x,t,θ,n** for **x** value

③ Choose a proper window :

WINDOW
nMin=0
nMax=20
PlotStart=1
PlotStep=1
Xmin=-1
Xmax=20
Xscl=1
Ymin=-0.1
Ymax=0.3

Press **tblset f2** **window** to access this screen

④ Press **table f5** **graph**. The following should display:

